

STORM DAMAGE IS HEAVY

Woodstock, Marengo, Elgin
Aurora and Rockford all
Report Big Losses

CROPS BADLY DEMOLISHED

Many Barns were Burned or Blown Down
and Several People Met Death or
Serious Injury

Although indications Tuesday afternoon pointed to a severe storm, Antioch and vicinity received very little rain, and as far as can be ascertained no damage at all resulted either from wind or lightning. Other places however were not so fortunate, for while a much needed rain fell it was accompanied with damages far more serious than the drought.

A number of deaths are reported caused by falling trees and timbers and also by lightning striking barns in which refuge had been taken.

At Woodstock the storm did great damage. For many hours there was no communication between the stricken city and the outside world. About 9 o'clock one telephone line was opened. It was learned that trees, awnings and signs had been blown down; telegraph and telephone wires were broken, and chimneys toppled over. Frank O'Leary a farmer six miles west of Woodstock, was struck by lightning and killed and several barns were destroyed. Employees of the Oliver Typewriter company fled from the building when the water tower at the plant was blown down.

From Woodstock the storm circled back striking Elgin. Five thousand trees were uprooted, and for several hours all traffic along main streets was at a standstill. An electric light tower 100 feet tall, standing in the campus of the Elgin Academy, was blown over. A corner of the roof of the three story building at 10 Grove avenue, occupied by I. Cohen & Co., dry goods, was ripped off and the contents of upper floors blown into the street. Rain, which drenched the remaining contents of the building and flooded a reserved stock in the basement, caused an estimated damage of about \$6,000.

At Marengo trees were blown down, crashing into roofs and damaging property to the extent of several thousand dollars.

Probably the greater financial loss will fall upon the farmers. For many weeks they have watched their fields shrivel in the heat and every cloud which held promises of rain was welcomed. When the storm did come it came with such violence that fields of corn, wheat, oats and other small grains were totally destroyed. What the wind and rain left behind them in their path of destruction the hail which followed demolished. Hundreds of beautiful trees which have been the pride of Rockford for fifty years and which earned it the title of "Forest City," were uprooted and piled across thoroughfares, forming an impenetrable network of branches and trunks, making the streets impassible.

M. E. CHURCH NOTES

At last it is all over and we have burned the mortgage, paid for the organ and sung the doxology. We hear only praise of the organ and the recital, the services last Sunday were glorious, but last Sunday is past and now we are planning to make good use of our beautiful new pipe organ. Next Sunday we will have special music, and organ voluntaries, the pastor will preach at both services and you are cordially invited to come and worship with us.

The Camp meeting at Des Plaines is now in progress and will continue about two weeks. Got a program at the church if you are interested.

A. O. Stixrud.

Gastronomic Feast

My niece, aged four years, saw her grandmother take some medicine contained in an unusually large capsule. When the feat had been accomplished the astonished child ran to me with the exclamation: "O aunt, grandma swallowed her medicine—bottle and all!"—Exchange.

MORTGAGE WAS BURNED

Rev. Stixrud Applied Match to Paper
Saturday Evening

The pipe organ recital last Saturday evening turned out to be all that had been previously claimed for it, and all who were present were highly satisfied with the entire program. One of the most interesting features of the evening, which however was not listed on the printed program, was the first number, the burning of the mortgage which for eight years has hung over the parsonage, thus entirely freeing the Antioch M. E. church of all financial obligations.

At the time the parsonage was purchased for the sum of \$1700, one thousand of the amount was raised and paid down, and the church assumed the mortgage of seven hundred dollars that was on the property at the time. Later on, mainly through the efforts of the Ladies Aid, the debt was reduced to three hundred dollars, and there it seemed to be anchored until this spring when Rev. Stixrud made it generally known that in order to secure an appropriation from Mr. Carnegie for the new pipe organ, this debt must first be cleared.

The two causes were combined and the necessary funds were soon raised, and now the church not only feels justly proud of its new organ, but it is happy in the knowledge that it has no debts to face. For at the beginning of the program Saturday evening all had the satisfaction of seeing the mortgage turned to ashes as the audience stood and sang "Thank God From Whom All Blessings Flow."

Sunday morning the organ was formally dedicated by District Superintendent Dr. Leseman.

REUNION TO BE HELD SOON

Scholars and Teachers of Grubb School
Will Celebrate Soon

Scholars and teachers of "The Grubb school," west of Millburn, are planning a reunion to be held under the latter part of the month. The reunion promises to excite even the famed reunion of the Browe school teachers and scholars held at Wadsworth.

Many of Lake county's pioneer residents, including the Thains, Wedges, Whites, Smiths, Murries, Fischers, learned their A B C's in the old frame building. The Grubb school was one of the first established in Lake county.

According to local residents in was estimated in the early '50's. It is established that fully 3,000 men and women residents of the United States were scholars of the old school. Invitations will be forwarded to every living scholar and teacher, and it is expected that fully 1,000 will attend. Relatives of the scholars will be invited to participate in the celebration. Peter Fischer, a lawyer living in Kenosha, and a former county superintendent of schools, is a scholar of the old school, and he will be one of the speakers at the reunion. The exact date of the celebration has not been made known, but the committee in charge expect that reunion will be held the latter part of July or the first week of August. The Browe school reunion will be held the same week, according to late reports.

FOUND A USE FOR THE STOVE

French Physician Probably Made Present
of "Pernicious Object" to His
Mother-in-Law

A French physician called on one of his patients—a lady—who was complaining of headache and general prostration.

"I'll tell you what's the matter with you, madam," he said, promptly; "it's that stove you have over there. Those coal-burning stoves are reservoirs of poison—the deadliest things in the world."

"But that stove cost me one hundred francs!" protested the lady. "Never mind that. Better lose any amount of money than your life. I'll tell you what I'll do; I'll give you twenty-five francs for it, and find some way of getting rid of the pernicious object."

The lady consented, and the doctor removed the stove. A few days later, the patient, who thought of changing her residence, went out to inspect a suite of rooms, and the first thing that met her gaze was the stove.

"Who lives here?" she asked of the servant who was showing her over the rooms. "Madame A. madame," said the servant respectfully—"Doctor B. a mother-in-law!"

Terse and Truthful

"Too much absorbed in his business," was the comment of a newspaper on the death of a brewer who was found drowned in a tank of his own beer.

SEVERAL AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENTS

A Number of Accidents Occur
In This Vicinity Within
a Short Time

NO DEATHS ARE REPORTED

Occupants of Cars in Each Case Credit
Moderate Speed for Their Escape From
Serious Injury or Death.

Auto accidents seem to have been quite numerous in this locality the past week, but while in each case some injuries are reported and no deaths resulted.

Last Saturday evening about seven o'clock, Gus Baethke of Trevor, was on his way home from Antioch with Flanders machine and a pig, S. D., and one sister Mrs. Juliet Ford met in a head on collision with Lightner's corner north of the lake. Neither party noted the approach of the other and apparently neither was warning as they approached the corner, but fortunately both were traveling at a very moderate rate of speed otherwise the accident would have been more serious. As it was, the machines were considerably damaged and the occupants of both were injured. Baethke himself was driving was uninjured but his machine was with him received numerous bruises serious enough to cause the taking of several days of his face.

It was Sunday afternoon when Downs, a salesman for the Glass company, Chicago, with a relative in a car near their rent tire blew up while going down a hill and it was before the driver could get control to stop it. Downs freed the car in such a way that the ribs were broken.

The other men in the car, number, escaped with no injuries, although they felt rather a most miraculous escape but the car was damaged and not sufficient to say into the ditch near which a party Monday afternoon Geo. Wedge place just a wrong steering gear while on the road side. One wheel. The car was also somewhat a second accident at the Libertyville post office. The car and occupants of the car were further injured, but the driver was not injured. The car was damaged and the occupants were injured.

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CHARLAWKINS DEAD

Was Formerly of Avon Township
All Known There

During the week near the hour o'clock Charles S. Hawkins, of the civil war, answered summons of death, and passed at the home of his son, Eugene, west of Lake Villa, where he had been for the past few months.

He was born at Clinton, New York, in 1831 and at the time of his death, 82 years 2 months and 22 days. When fourteen years of age he went to Avon township, Lake County, where the greater part of his life was spent. In 1893 he moved to Illinois, where he lived until two years ago when he became afflicted with what physicians termed stomach and realizing that he had not long to live he wished to go to Illinois that his last days be spent at his old home, and he accordingly brought to the home of where he has been cared for since.

The call came to go to the aid of the country Mr. Hawkins was ready to go in company "D" 96th Infantry Aug. 11, 1862 receiving honorable discharge June 10, 1865.

He has a son, grand children and great grandchildren, he is survived by his wife, Mrs. Jacob Hawkins of Slouss from the Sylvan Beach hotel with her, of Cornish, Iowa.

The funeral was held at the Lake Villa church Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock with Rev. Stixrud officiating and the remains were interred at the Fox and Lake cemetery by the side of his wife who passed away thirty-one years ago on the 14th of February.

IT HAPPENED IN RHYMELAND IS THE BEST EVER

It Happened in Rhymeland, the toyland music play which will be presented by local talent under the direction of Mr. W. M. Lowrie at the opera house, Thursday and Friday, July 24 and 25, is said to be one of the best staged pieces of its kind now on the road. Following its production in Waukegan for the Jane McAllister hospital the Sun of that city stated that it was the best ever given there and other papers have had only words of praise for its pretty and catchy music, its bright comedy and its beautiful stage pictures. Over one hundred people will take part and the number includes many children who will impersonate the various dolls that are found in Toyland, the blackbirds who sang when the famous pie was opened and characters from Mother Goose rhymes. Then there will be choruses of grown-ups who will appear in Contrary Mary's wonderful garden, King Cole's Palace and the Toyland Palace of Santa Claus. As Mr. Lowrie furnishes all the costumes they will be the same as those used in Waukegan, Freeport, Kenosha, the Ravinia Park theatre and many other large cities where the play has been given.

WADSWORTH POST OFFICE ROBBED

Some time Thursday night of last week the postoffice at Wadsworth was broken into and robbed of \$5.50 in postage stamps, postals, etc. Robbers gained entrance through the rear door by cutting out a panel of the door and unlocking it.

The safe in the office so far as can be determined by Postmaster Strang, was not touched and nothing else of value was taken.

The fact that the feed warehouse of Martin Lux was broken into three different nights previously, and a certain amount of feed taken, indicates that the offenses are being committed by local robbers rather than by professionals for in none of the cases was an effort made to break into the safes which are kept in both offices.

By Mutual Consent

Mother (anxiously)—I am told that your husband plays cards every night at the club—plays for money, too.

Married Daughter—That's all right. He gives me all his winnings—

Mother—What? Do you—

Married Daughter—And he always plays with Mr. Nextdoor.

Mother—What difference can that make?

Married Daughter—Mrs. Nextdoor makes her husband give her his winnings, too, and then she gives the money to me and I hand her what my husband wins from here, and so we both have about twice as much money as we could get out of them other wise.

WOMEN VOTED SATURDAY

At Libertyville and North Chicago
First Use Was Made
Of The New Law

MRS. COLBY VOTED FIRST

Women at Libertyville Intimate that Men
Must Conduct a Clean City or They
Will Show Their Power.

Libertyville and North Chicago women Saturday took advantage for the first time of the new Illinois suffrage law and aided in carrying two bond issues in the two villages.

In Libertyville they voted on the question of raising \$10,000 in bonds to erect a village hall. Thirty-four women voted for and 63 against, the vote thus being 126 for and 88 against.

Mrs. Wayne Colby was the first voter to seek a ballot, several men stepping aside to give her precedence. Several young women who sought to vote were refused they were too young.

In North Chicago 50 women voted for and 20 against and 60 men voted for and 49 against the question of issuing \$35,000 bonds for buying a site and erecting a new central school. Interest was keen and as in Libertyville many of the best women of the community voted.

Singularly the majority in the two elections was the same—just 41. This is a rather unusual coincidence, one which will be recalled in future years in connection with the fact that at the first election in the state under the new suffrage law the majority in the two Lake county villages was exactly the same.

The fact that the total of the women's vote in North Chicago and Libertyville corresponded proportionately with that of the men, indicated to some that the wives voted as their husbands wished them, in other words, that they voted just like their husbands, the unmarried women alone casting an independent vote. The women stoutly deny this to be the case.

Chicago papers said Sunday that while Mrs. Colby of Libertyville, was casting the first ballot of any women in Illinois her husband, a well known man was at home doing the family washing. One paper printed a picture showing Mr. Colby hanging out the washing.

"I'm a very happy woman to have had this opportunity," said Mrs. Colby when she had hurried back to her home a few minutes after she had let the little slip of paper with her vote fall into the ballot box hitherto held sacred to the 400 male voters of the village.

She was successful in her ambition although she was closely followed by Mrs. Lina Corlett, wife of one of the election clerks.

"Just to show that it is not such a terrible thing for a man to stay at home and do the housework on the occasional voting day. I thought I would help Mrs. Colby out with the washing," said Wayne Colby, the husband, to a visitor who returned to the home with Mrs. Colby.

He was dripping with auds and wiped his hands to get at a handkerchief to wipe the sweat from his face.

"There probably are twice as many women in Libertyville as there are men," said Mrs. Colby, "and while we have no regular suffrage organization, our literary club has discussed the question very thoroughly and we have many ardent suffragists."

Mr. Colby was authority for the statement that the women were not yet thinking of running for office, but she more than hinted that the balance of power rested in their hands and the men had best take care and keep Libertyville clean or the women would show their strength and make demands.

Deadly Insult

It was an English ship with an English crew and an American passenger list. Two stewards were having a heated altercation and pouring forth anathemas upon each other's head, when as a crowning insult one said to the other, "Aw, you eat just like a passenger."—San Francisco Argonaut.

ALEX. MCDUGALL

Aged Grain Merchant Passed Away
Home at Highland Park

Notice of the death of Alex. McDougall, which occurred Tuesday at his late home on the Green Bay road Highland Park, was posted on the Board of Trade Wednesday.

Mr. McDougall was in his seventy-eighth year and was still a fine specimen of the "sturdy Scot" when the recent hot spell bore down upon him. His friends were legion and little knots of men were to be seen discussing the passing of the grand old man. He was an old timer in the Chicago grain market, having become a member before many of the younger men of the trade were born.

He came to Little Fort in 1852, landing at the old Dickenson pier at the foot of Water street. The McDougall family settled on a farm at Lake Villa in 1882. Mr. McDougall went into business under the firm name of McDougall & Co. The same firm exists today and is one of the best known among the grain dealers of the middle west.

The deceased is a brother of the late Robert McDougall, and of J. J. McDougall of Longmont, Colo. Five sisters, Misses Emma, Nellie and Marion McDougall and Mrs. Eugene Clark of Millburn and Mrs. Lewis of Waukegan also survive him. He also has a number of other relatives in this vicinity.

HAZEL TIFFANY AND NASON SIBLEY WEDDED SATURDAY

A wedding which had been looked forward to for some little time by the friends of the contracting parties, but which for all that it was sprung as a complete surprise, was that of Miss Hazel Tiffany and Nason Sibley, which took place at the home of the bride's parents Saturday afternoon at five o'clock with Rev. Stixrud officiating and with only the nearest relatives in attendance.

The bride is the third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Tiffany who reside east of town, and is one of the most popular young ladies of her set. For the past four years she has been actively engaged in educational work in the county and in this line was very successful, everywhere making warm friends who now join in wishing her every happiness that life affords.

The groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Sibley of this village and is included in the contracting firm of J. E. Sibley and Son. For the past couple of months he has been preparing a beautiful new home, on Victoria street, for the reception of his bride and there they will make their future home as soon as it is completed.

The News joins with their many friends in wishing them a long life of happiness and prosperity.

BARN ON PULLEN FARM BURNED FRIDAY MORNING

During the storm early the Fourth of July morning, the barn on the Chas. Pullen farm just west of Hickory corners was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The place is occupied by David Pullen and with the help of neighbors he sought to extinguish the flames without success. Besides the barn the granary and another small building were destroyed. No stock was burnt with the exception of one calf, but considerable grain and other things were lost. The entire loss is estimated at \$3,000 and this is partially covered by an insurance.

BURGLAR POSED AS DOCTOR

Surgeon's Case Contained a Set of
Thieves' Tools, of Which He Had
Made Use.

Two detectives in East New York searching a neighborhood from which had come a report of burglars, countered a distinguished looking man with a Van Dyke beard, a professional air and a black surgeon's bag with gold letters on it. "Good morning, gentlemen," said he, "I am Dr. L. Brewster, and am unable to find a place on this street from which I could telephone call to attend a urgent case. Could I ask you to direct me?"

The detectives replied that they were sorry not to oblige but were too busy hunting burglars to look for sick people. The doctor talked briskly on his way. Before he got far the detectives saw a man look out of his front door, as if he might have been expecting a doctor. They shouted after Doctor Brewster. In stead of stopping he began to run away. After a vigorous chase the detectives captured him and found that his surgeon's case held a fine outfit of burglars' tools.

WOMAN SURVIVOR OF BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG



That woman played a prominent part in the greatest battle of the Civil war that was fought just fifty years ago, is apt to be forgotten until a mute reminder such as is seen in the photograph is brought to our attention. Fifty years back is a long time to remember, yet here one of those who fought under the stars and bars, five decades ago, is greeting one of the women nurses and one of the few remaining ones whose husband was the comrade in arms of the grizzled old veteran.

SIDELIGHTS OF GETTYSBURG REUNION

The great reunion of the blue and the gray on the battlefield of Gettysburg has passed into history. It was in all respects the most unique gathering of the soldiers of the 60's ever held. Men who fought each other fifty years ago this year fraternized as long-separated brothers. Naturally such a gathering would be productive of many incidents, both pathetic and humorous. As many stories were floating about as there were veterans at the reunion.

The camp is full of unexpected meetings. Every day brings forth numerous meetings between men who have not seen one another for many years. Many are commonplace, but some are extraordinary. For instance, here is one:

I. D. Munroe of Erie county, Pennsylvania, a soldier in the 111th Pennsylvania, was captured by the confederates at Peachtree Creek, Ga., when he was one of Sherman's army on the celebrated march to the sea. He was being conveyed to the rear by a confederate soldier when the union batteries opened fire upon the party among whom he was a prisoner. The man who was guarding Munroe was hit and fell, knocking Munroe down and lying on top of him.

Seeing his chance of escape, Munroe lay very still under the unconscious confederate while the battle raged around them. That night he slipped from under the body and escaped to the union lines.

"I thought that fellow was dead," said Munroe, "but I saw him today. Poor fellow, his mind's bad, and he didn't recognize me, but I was sure of him. I couldn't even get his name, but I'm going over later to the Georgia camp and try to find out who he is."

Here is a story which was told by A. T. Dice, vice-president of the Reunion railway:

Once upon a time there were a veteran in gray and a veteran in blue. They came to Gettysburg and in the course of events and visits to hotels came to the same place. They looked over the sights of Gettysburg and the monuments of the field. But they found they must part.

The one in blue lived in Oregon; the one in gray in New Orleans. They met in the city of New Orleans, and they passed by train after train, but they did not know each other.

But, however, yesterday they finally decided that the time for parting had come. The one from Oregon could not figure how to reach home via New Orleans and his gray comrade, while willing to see the west, didn't have the money for a ticket.

They lined up on the platform as their trains stood waiting and then before the crowd, they slowly stripped off their uniforms and exchanged them there while the curious looked on.

The Oregonian who came proudly to town with a coat of blue, went as proudly away with one of gray and the veteran from Louisiana who boasted the gray of the south sat with swelling chest in his new uniform of blue.

A striking contrast is seen in the menu provided for the soldiers fifty years ago and what they enjoyed this year.

1863—Breakfast—Hardtack, bacon, beans and coffee.

Dinner—Bacon, beans, hardtack and coffee.

Supper—Beans, hardtack, bacon and coffee.

1913—Breakfast—Puffed rice, fried eggs, fried bacon, cream potatoes, fresh bread, hard bread, butter and coffee.

Dinner—Fricassee chicken, peas, corn, ice cream, cake, cigars, fresh bread, hard bread, butter, coffee, tea.

Supper—Salmon salad, macaroni and cheese, fresh bread, butter and coffee.

Chief Clerk George G. Thorne of the state department at Harrisburg told of the call made by a Union veteran early on the morning of the fiftieth anniversary of the start of the battle, who related that his conscience troubled him because of the fact that on that fateful morning many years ago he had succumbed to temptation and stolen a quantity of onions from the Thorne garden, which was located near the historic Seminary ridge. He told Thorne that he desired, at this late date to pay for the onions and thus relieve his conscience.

Needless to say, his offer of money was refused, but the Thorne would like to learn the identity of the soldiers who upset eight beehives in the dead of night and appropriated all the honey they contained.

A remarkable coincidence of the camp was the meeting of two men of exactly the same name, coming from towns of the same name, but in different states. One fought on the union side in the battle of Gettysburg, and the other with the confederates.

These two men are John Carson of Burlington, N. J., and John Carson of Burlington, N. C.

They met by the merest chance. The Jersey Carson was walking along one of the streets, and saw a man in gray. Just to be friendly, the Jersey man stopped him and gave him a greeting. It was not until they had talked for several minutes that they discovered their names were identical, as well as the names of their towns.

A grandson of Francis Scott Key, composer of "The Star-Spangled Banner," is here. He is John Francis Key, aged eighty-two, of Pikeville, Md., and he is a veteran of the Second Maryland Infantry of the confederate army. Wearing a suit of gray, Key came into town, weak and almost drooping. He has been in failing health, but declared he was "going to see Gettysburg on this occasion or die."

One of the oldest veterans in the big camp is Captain W. H. Fleig of Houston, Texas, who was ninety years of age on his last birthday, February 23. During the war he served with distinction in the marine department of the confederate navy. Captain Fleig is one of the best preserved men in camp and is more active than many of the other veterans a score of years less advanced.

Fifty years to the hour from the time when the first shot preceding the battle was fired a reunion meeting of the blue and the gray was held in the big tent. The gray cavalry men who fought the skirmishes that led up to the three days' fight pledged themselves in the shadows of the stars and stripes to "forget" and their brother in blue swore by the stars and bars that the fight was over for all time.

There were several women from the village in the tent and six one-time schoolgirls, gray-haired and aged now, sang "Rally 'Round the Flag, Boys," while the veterans wept like boys, but with pride. The six women who sang the battle song were among those who thronged the streets of Gettysburg after the advance guard of the southern army left it 50 years ago. On the night when Buford's men came riding into the village on the heels of Wheeler's men in gray, maidens strewed flowers along the streets and bells in the churches pealed out the news of the coming of the blue and the town went wild.

Of all the scores of girls who welcomed the vanguard of Meade, only a half dozen could be found, and they stood, white-haired with tears in their eyes on a platform in the big tent and sang to the weeping soldiers in the seats below.

"I'm afraid we can't sing like we sang 50 years ago," said the matronly woman who acted as leader as she led the way up the steps to the platform.

"We don't care; just sing again," shouted the veterans. As the first notes of the war-time melody came from them in quavering tones, the veterans both of the north and the south sat quiet with eyes fixed upon the singers. The hum of the chorus came from every side, and the old men wept openly.

Aside from the old soldiers themselves, an interesting figure in the melee was sitting Longstreet, widow of the commander of the Confederate line, the fighting remarks about in the third day's battle. Mrs. Longstreet walked a mile through the pre-street to the old home, where she was born, and then she walked to the old home, where she was born, and then she walked to the old home, where she was born.

Some time ago Mrs. Longstreet's information the surgeons gathered a long telegram as representing a jump to the defense of the southern veterans in protest against when the others closed in, the old Union veteran being thrown into a second and fall in New York because of a room was thrown into an uproar. It was said often for the doors and crowd-Sickles misunderstood the spirit to the windows ready to jump to his pride was so hurt that their street below. It was all over being today would not be cardinal for the other men in the room could "General, I have written an act and the men responsible for it about you for publication," said out and away. The fight spurred Longstreet at the meeting, the medical men again to an effort to read several pages of the high have the Gettysburg saloons closed to the old corps leader, while during the remainder of the celebration characterized as having a common.

and being once again in the Half a hundred old Sickles' entered on the lawn and the came dramatic. General Sickles back in his big chair, eyes, and looked back to me Longstreet.

Here his widow was proud world the valor which she gone unrecognized by the Tears flowed down the Sign saw joined by his nephew, mer, and his old follower, the hats and mingled the those of their old leader's ground upon which long soaked by their blood.

James H. Lansberryanna Mo., who enlisted in the cavalry from Madison, cap his comrades the duty by ture in the town of swing Confederates 50 years town the skirmish just what which marked the event, was to be a world-famous he had been detailed to rying a wounded officer in seminary in, Gettysburg him town frantic women battle, and begged to let several result that he biferate days in follow-tramping army as a prisoner without 60 miles over riding and shoes he success Gettysburg, finally made him August burg, where he wound in assisting in the seminary, which were public buildings, churches, lings.

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VETERANS INTS ON MARTYR RESIDENT'S NAME AT GETTYSBURG.

THREE VETS MAY DIE

Battle Occ. in Hotel and Guests Flee Panic, When Trouble Started Assault Is Quick. ly Cap.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 5.—Seven men were slain in the dining-room of the Gettysburg hotel as a result of a fight started when several men, by abusing Lincoln, Wednesday, three of the wounded men in a serious condition at the Pennsylvania State hospital. The state police are making desperate attempts to find the men who did the killing.

Three of the men are: E. J. Carroll, sergeant of the quartermaster's corps, U. S. A., of Butler, Pa., a member of the state constabulary, Maugha, Harrisburg, Susler of West Fairview, Pa.

Griffin of Bedford City, Pa. Renalsbecker, Gettysburg. A Root, Jr., Harrisburg. Maugha and Griffin are in serious condition. Each was in the left breast and the fear they will not recover. The fight started shortly before 6 o'clock, when the dining-room was crowded with guests.

As the fight broke out, a man who was unhurt and sat in the dining-room, was sitting Longstreet, widow of the commander of the Confederate line, the fighting remarks about in the third day's battle. Mrs. Longstreet walked a mile through the pre-street to the old home, where she was born, and then she walked to the old home, where she was born.

Some time ago Mrs. Longstreet's information the surgeons gathered a long telegram as representing a jump to the defense of the southern veterans in protest against when the others closed in, the old Union veteran being thrown into a second and fall in New York because of a room was thrown into an uproar. It was said often for the doors and crowd-Sickles misunderstood the spirit to the windows ready to jump to his pride was so hurt that their street below. It was all over being today would not be cardinal for the other men in the room could "General, I have written an act and the men responsible for it about you for publication," said out and away. The fight spurred Longstreet at the meeting, the medical men again to an effort to read several pages of the high have the Gettysburg saloons closed to the old corps leader, while during the remainder of the celebration characterized as having a common.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Chicago, July 2.—Chicago witnessed the largest suffrage parade in its history Tuesday when the suffragettes of Cook county, in honor of their emancipation from the non-voting class, gave a monster demonstration of their approval of the new law giving women the rights of suffrage.

Starting from Grant Park, the long line of automobiles, headed by a platoon of police and the First Regiment band, paraded the principal streets of the city, while admiring thousands along the line of march cheered them as they passed.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 2.—Three more men who were burned in the Husted mill explosion of a week ago died in the hospitals during the night and this morning, bringing the total known to be dead up to 22. The bodies of eight others are believed to be in the ruins.

San Francisco, July 7.—As long as Joe Rivers held the upper hand he fought like a Turk. When brave-hearted Ritchie stemmed the tide and then turned it, the Los Angeles Mexican grew visibly discouraged. Joe fought several rounds with very little spirit and quit in the eleventh on Friday.

The battle was fought under perfect weather conditions in the open and was witnessed by 7,000 persons. The receipts, it was said, aggregated \$30,000.

RAIL SITUATION IS SERIOUS

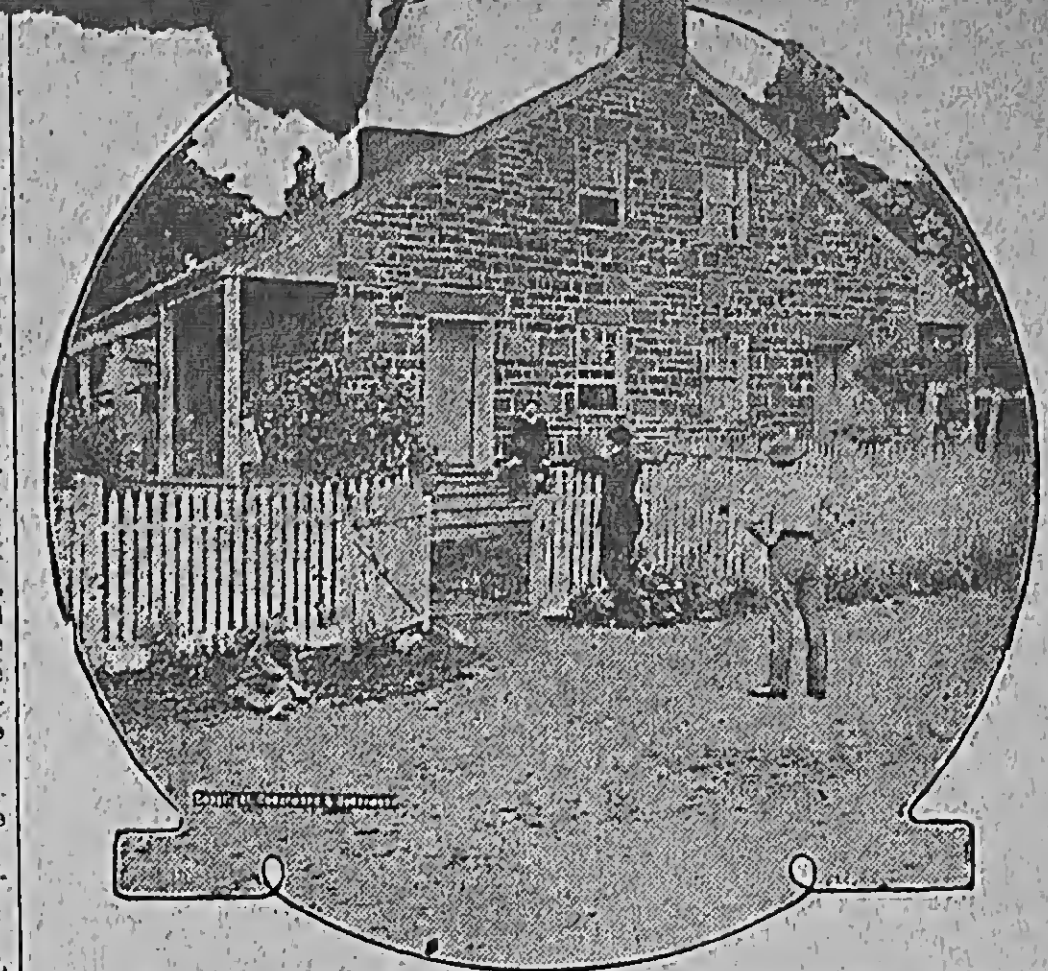
Canvass of Ballots by Eastern Unions Expected to Favor Suspension of Work—May Win Arbitration.

New York, July 7.—There are still more than 6,000 of the railroad employees' strike ballots to be canvassed by the general committees. Members of the committee left the city last week, but will return today to complete the work.

While neither President Lee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen nor President Garrison of the Railway Conductors has made any positive statement as to whether the vote will be for a strike, the representatives of the railroads expect nothing else. Further conferences probably will follow the announcement of the strike vote.

Rifles Rake Streets. Johannesburg, July 8.—The strike which involved practically all the gold mines on the Rand has ended. During its brief existence anarchy reigned in the city. The casualties are estimated at more than 100.

Flyer Lands After Long Flight. Milwaukee, July 8.—Leaving Milwaukee, flying through the air during the entire night, C. Livingston Wiggin was unable to land until dawn, when he was within 20 miles of his starting point.



VETERANS HEAR THE PRESIDENT

Mr. Wilson Delivers Address at Gettysburg Celebration.

DRAWN LESSON FROM BATTLE

Declares Great Army of the People Must Fight Peacefully to Perfect the Nation All Love.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 4.—National day in the semi-centennial celebration of the battle of Gettysburg was made especially notable by an address delivered by President Woodrow Wilson. In his audience were many thousands of the veterans who fought in the great battle, as well as a great throng of other visitors.

The president's address follows: Friends and Fellow Citizens: I need not tell you what the battle of Gettysburg meant. These gallant men in blue and gray sit all about us here. Many of them met here upon this ground in grim and deadly struggle. Upon these famous fields and hillsides their comrades died about them. In their presence it were an impertinence to discourse upon how the battle went, how it ended, what it signified! But 50 years have gone by since then and I crave the privilege of speaking to you for a few minutes of what those 50 years have meant.

What have they meant? They have meant peace and union and vigor, and the maturity and might of a great nation. How wholesome and healing the peace has been! We have found one another again as brothers and comrades in arms, as equals no longer, generous friends rather, our battles long past, the quarrel forgotten—except that we shall not forget the splendid valor, the manly devotion of the men then arrayed against one another, now grasping hands and smiling into each other's eyes. How complete the union has become and how dear to all of us, how unquestioned, how benign and majestic as state after state has been added to this great family of free men! How handsome the vigor, the maturity, the might of the great nation we love with undivided hearts; how full of large and confident promise that a life will be wrought out that will crown its strength with glorious justice and a happy welfare that will touch all alike with deep contentment! We are debtors to those 50 crowded years; they have made us heirs to a mighty heritage.

Nation Not Finished.

But do we deem the nation complete and finished? These venerable men crowding here to this famous field have set us a great example of devotion and utter sacrifice. They were willing to die that the people might live. But their task is done. Their day is turned into evening. They look to us to perfect what they established. Their work is handed on to us, to be done in another way but not in another spirit. Our day is not over; it is upon us in full tide.

Have affairs paused? Does the nation stand still? Is it what the 50 years have wrought since those days of battle finished, rounded out, and completed? Here is a great people, great with every force that has ever beaten in the life blood of mankind. And it is secure. There is no one within its borders, there is no power among the nations of the earth to make it afraid. But has it yet squared itself with its own great standards set up at its birth, when it made that first noble, naive appeal to the moral judgment of mankind? Does it take notice that a government had now at last been established which was to serve men, not masters? It is secure in everything except the satisfaction that its life is right, adjusted to the uttermost to the standards of righteousness and humanity. The days of sacrifice and cleansing are not closed. We have harder things to do than were done in the heroic days of war, because harder to see

clearly, requiring more vision, more calm balance of judgment, a more candid searching of the very springs of right.

Tribute to Their Valor.

Look around you upon the field of Gettysburg! Picture the array, the fierce heats and agony of battle, column hurled against column, battery bellowing to battery! Valor? Yes! Greater no man shall see in war; and self-sacrifice, and loss to the uttermost; the high recklessness of exalted devotion which does not count the cost. We are made by these tragic, epic things to know what it costs to make a nation—the blood and sacrifice of multitudes of unknown men lifted to a great stature in the view of all generations by knowing no limit to their manly willingness to serve. In armies thus marshaled from the ranks of free men you will see, as it were, a nation embattled, the leaders and the led, and may know, if you will, how little, except in form its action differs in days of peace from its action in days of war.

May we break camp now and be at ease? Are the forces that fight for the Nation dispersed, disbanded, gone to their homes forgetful of the common cause? Are our forces disorganized, without constituted leaders and the might of men consciously united because we contend, not with armies, but with principles and powers and wickedness in high places. Are we content to live still? Does our union mean sympathy, our peace contentment, our vigor right action, our maturity self-comprehension and a clear confidence in choosing what we shall do? War fitted us for action, and action never ceases.

Our Laws the Orders of the Day.

I have been chosen the leader of the Nation. I cannot justify the choice by any qualities of my own, but so it has come about, and here I stand. Whom do I command? The ghostly hosts who fought upon these battlefields long ago and are gone? Those gallant gentlemen stricken in years whose fighting days are over, their glory won? What are the orders for them, who rallies them? I have in my mind another host, whom these set free of civil strife in order that they might work out in days of peace and settled order the life of a great nation. That host is the people themselves, the great and the small, without class or difference of kind or race or origin; and undivided in interest. If we have but the vision to guide and direct them and order their lives aright in what we do. Our constitutions are their articles of enlistment. The orders of the day are the laws upon our statute books. What we strive for is their freedom, their right to lift themselves from day to day and behold the things they have hoped for, and so make way for still better days for those whom they love who are to come after them. The recruits are the little children crowding in. The quartermaster's stores are in the mines and forests and fields, in the shops and factories. Every day something must be done to push the campaign forward; and it must be done by plan and with an eye to some great destiny.

How shall we hold such thoughts in our hearts and not be moved? I would not have you live even today wholly in the past, but would wish to stand with you in the light that streams upon us now out of the great day gone by. Here is the nation God has builded by our hands. What shall we do with it? Who shall be ready to act again and always in the spirit of this day of reunion and our patriotic fervor? The day into country's life has but broadened by morning. Do not put uniform on. Put the harness of the present on. Lait your eyes to the great facts of life yet to be conquered—the prospect of righteous peace, of hearts purity which lies in a people's hearts and outlasts all wars of errors and men. Come, let us be comrades and soldiers yet to serve of fellow men in quiet counsel, who the blast of trumpets is neither loud nor heedful and where the things are done which make blessed the nation of the world in peace and righteousness and love.

The New York New Haven & Hartford railroad had 22,710 stockholders, of whom 10,102 are women.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcement and the
Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, ILL., July 7.—The committee declared butter at 26c.

Fishing tackle, at Hunts. adv

D. A. Grady of Waukegan was an Antioch visitor Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. McGrath of Chicago visited relatives here over Sunday.

Mrs. Thos. Brogan and daughter of Chicago are visiting with Antioch relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Anderson and daughter visited relatives here over the Fourth.

Mrs. John Hancock and children of Superior, Wis., are the guests of relatives here.

Mrs. C. H. Chamberlain and daughter Isabel of Kansas City, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Groth at Loon Lake.

I have now on hand a complete stock of Deering and McCormick farm implement repairs. F. J. Hunt. adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Filermas and the latter's mother, Mrs. E. Butrick of Chicago visited Antioch friends over the Fourth.

Rev. and Mrs. Aikin of Chicago Lawn visited in Antioch a few days this week. Rev. Aikin preached at the M. E. church Sunday evening.

Fred Dorrence, who is in the employ of the N. K. Fairbanks company at St. Louis, was visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dorrence at Lake Catherine over the Fourth.

The resorts in this locality had the largest crowd over the Fourth that has ever visited this section, the estimate being over four thousand guests. Many of the hotels had to refuse from forty to fifty people.

The Liberty Cemetery Helpers will meet with Mrs. Sam Strang, Tuesday afternoon, July 15. This being the annual meeting members are requested to come early. Visitor very cordially invited. Maude S. Robbins, Sec.

For Sale—At Lake Villa, 6 room frame house with stone foundation, lot 100x166, fine well and cistern, all kinds of fruit, only \$1600. Geo. W. Hall, 167 W. Washington street, Chicago. Phone Franklin 353. 42m1 adv.

Agents Wanted—Highest cash weekly and part expenses. Outfit free. Home territory. Experience unnecessary. Our contract the fairest ever written. Under our plan you can make \$20 per week and up, over and above expenses. Write Hawks Nursery company, Wauwatosa, Wis.

For Sale—1913 model, motor cycles and motor boats at bargain prices, all makes, brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it. Also bargains in used motor cycles. Write us today. Enclose stamp for reply. Address lock box 11, Trenton, Mich. 4210w adv.

Sam Armstrong of Grass Lake was quite seriously injured last Friday while at work in the hay field. He was in the act of loading hay when the horses started up, the sudden move throwing him heavily to the ground. He struck in such a way that a sharp stick pierced a large hole in his back and his spine was also injured. Physicians were called but for three days he was practically unconscious. At present he is improving, but the doctor predicts that he will be laid up for a couple of months at least.

Card of Thanks

On behalf of the Antioch M. E. church we wish to express our gratitude to all those who by their contribution or otherwise have helped to install and pay for our pipe organ and liquidate the parsonage debt.

Mrs. W. F. Ziegler,
D. A. Williams,
A. O. Stixrud,
Pipe Organ Committee.



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PORTLAND CEMENT
makes the strongest
CONCRETE

FOR SALE BY
FRANK J. HUNT
Antioch, Illinois

Bras and middling at Hunt's. adv
Mrs. Polka and baby of Chicago are visiting Antioch relatives.

Miss Ruth Williams of Chicago spent the latter part of last week with her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Taylor of Chicago were over the Fourth visitors at the home of his parents.

Otto Oestel of Pensacola, Florida, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Groth at Loon Lake.

For Sale Cheap—26 foot Mullens pressed steel motor boat. Good as new. Call Antioch phone 501 or at J. P. Johnson, Bluff Lake resort. 44t1 adv.

I will be ready after July 15 to furnish silo block, with steel reinforcing, for any one wishing cement block silos. L. J. Savage. adv

For Sale—One Thistle bicycle, large, \$5; one second hand small wagon, \$10; one 22-ft sail boat, \$25. Apply to F. E. Groth, Loon Lake. Phone 2011. adv

The Antioch Township Sunday School convention will be held at the Milburn church on Sunday, July 13. All Sunday schools in the township are expected to be present. A good program has been arranged for the meeting.

Wick and wickless oil stoves at F. J. Hunt's. adv

Mr. A. Hoyt of Chicago is the guest of Charles Webb this week.

Oliver E. Groth of Kansas City, is visiting his parents at Loon Lake.

Robert Kelly of Chicago spent the Fourth with his brothers here.

John Heydradt of Chicago spent the Fourth at the home of his sister, Mrs. Chas. Alvera.

Mrs. S. D. Warner of Chicago is spending the week with relatives and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Huett of Chicago are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Groth, at Loon Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Higgins of Libertyville visited over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ziegler.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gullidge and daughter returned to their home at Juliette, Idaho, after a lengthy visit with relatives in the county.

Mass will be held at Lake Villa on every Sunday morning, starting Sunday, June 15, at 9:00 and at Antioch at 10:30. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.



MR. CHAS. H. KENNEDY
OPTICIAN — OPTOMETRIST

Will be at the store of Fulton Music Co., Antioch

Wednesday, July 16th

When he will be pleased to meet old friends, and

DEAR MR. CUSTOMER:—

Don't be weak on the price proposition
it's really a secondary consideration.

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and carries within itself an impetus for
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and our prices are based upon the Qu
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Prices and Estimates given on the fly
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and well supplies, pipe and fittings, d
cornices, eaves troughs and gutter, b
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ammunition, National copper cable
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also carry supplies of all kinds.
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some and sanitary bath room. Our
plumbing work is included in the cost,
with no extra charges as a joker.
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Visiting Brethren always welcome.
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The Eastern Star meets second and fourth
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